

Compare the amounts using $<$, $>$ or $=$

Tens	Ones
6	1

 ○

Tens	Ones
6	6

Tens	Ones
0	5

 ○

Tens	Ones
2	0

Tens	Ones
5	3

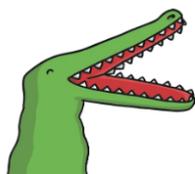
 ○

Tens	Ones
5	1

Greater Than or Less Than

Put the correct sign ($<$, $>$ or $=$) between these numbers.
Remember – the crocodile always eats the bigger number!

12	<input type="text"/>	35	8	<input type="text"/>	10
43	<input type="text"/>	27	88	<input type="text"/>	91
36	<input type="text"/>	41	77	<input type="text"/>	77
28	<input type="text"/>	92	21	<input type="text"/>	98
46	<input type="text"/>	32	58	<input type="text"/>	57
88	<input type="text"/>	56	96	<input type="text"/>	95
22	<input type="text"/>	22	16	<input type="text"/>	16



sixty two _____ thirteen

twenty nine _____ fifty

fourteen _____ thirty four

Week 2 Tuesday 09.06.20

Complete the statements:

$$70 < \underline{\quad}$$

$$\underline{\quad} > 84$$

$$\underline{\quad} < 46$$

$$\underline{\quad} < 1$$

$$0 > \underline{\quad}$$

$$\underline{\quad} < 100$$

Complete the stem sentences and statements.

12 is _____ than 55 but _____ than 70.

40 is _____ than 67 but _____ than 45.

35 is _____ than 78 but _____ than 23.

18 is _____ than 45 but _____ than 2.

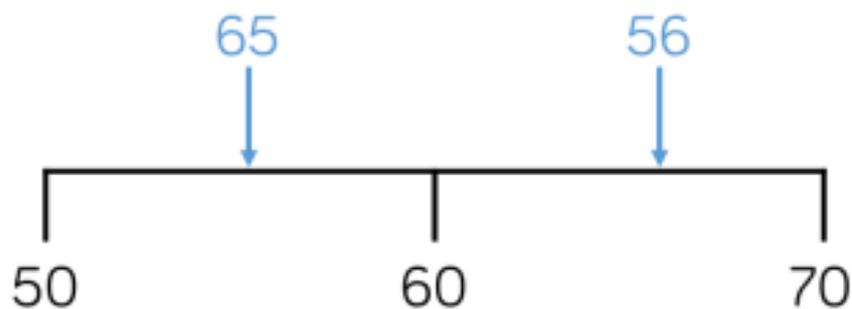
57 is _____ than 12 but _____ than 89.

Create your own sentences using the above guide.

Week 2 Wednesday 10.06.20

Tommy has marked numbers on his number lines.

Has he made any mistakes?



Explain to a friend the mistake you think he has made.

Show the numbers on your own number line.

- 75
- 34
- 91
- 57

How many different ways can you complete the place value charts to make the statement correct?

Tens	Ones
5	

 <

Tens	Ones
	3

Week 2 Thursday 11.06.20

Get your child to order lots of different objects in your household (e.g. pillows, cutlery, plates, pens, pencils, pots, toys, books)

Get them to order the objects from:

- smallest to largest
- largest to smallest
- Try and get your children to use the language 'most', 'bigger', 'biggest', 'larger', 'largest', 'smaller', 'smallest' and 'least'.
- Then try and get the children to practise position and ordinal numbers. So this will be language like: first, second, third, fourth...

Examples of what your children could say:

- The pencil is first, the plate is second and the teddy bear is third.
- The teddy bear is bigger than the pencil.
- The pencil is the smallest.

Questions to ask children:

How are we ordering these objects/numbers? Which should we start with? Which is the biggest/has the most? Which is the smallest/has the least? Which number/group comes next? How do you know? How many more/less objects are in group A than group B?

Challenge:

Order the numbers from smallest to largest.

- 57, 8, 21, 89
- 100, 76, 90, 19

Complete the missing numbers:

____, 65, 75, ____, 95.

85, 80, 75, ____, ____

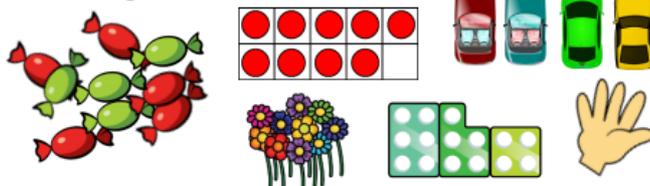
____, ____, 22, 24, ____

Week 2 Friday 12.06.20

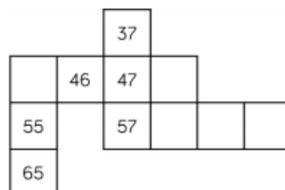
Use sweets / toys - How many sweets do I have? Can you say what is 1 more / 1 less?

Count the objects in the pictures below: What is 1 more / 1 less?

Use manipulatives and ask children to show one more and one less than the given amounts.

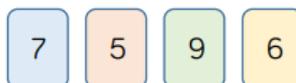


Complete the missing numbers.

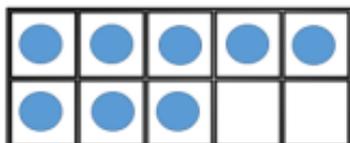


Use the number cards to make 2 digit numbers.
Now write down one more and one less than the numbers you have made.

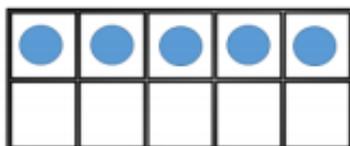
Use equipment if needed.



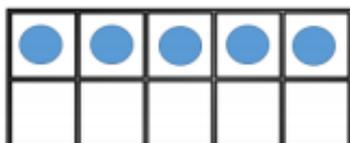
Can you move two of the counters so
Rosie has 1 more than Alex and Whitney
has 1 less than Alex?



Alex



Rosie

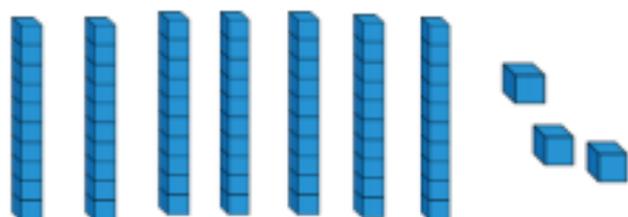


Whitney

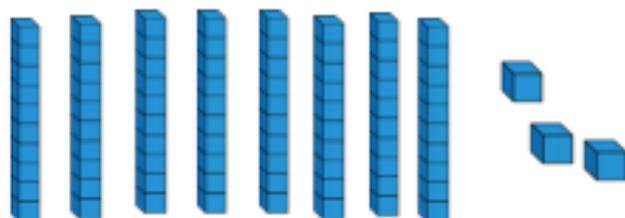
Always, Sometimes or Never True?

When finding 1 less than a number, the tens digit of the number stays the same.

Dora started with this number.



I am going to find one more.



Has Dora shown the correct amount?
Explain how you know.